

□ 43 □ □□□□

1□□□□□ $f(x) = -\ln x + ax$ □ $(0, e)$ □□□□□□□□ $g(x) = |e^x - a| + \frac{a^2}{2}$ □□ $x \in [0, \ln 3]$ □□□□ $g(x)$ □□□□ M □□□□ m □□

$$\square \frac{3}{2} \square a \square$$

□□□□□□□□□ $f(x) = -\ln x + ax$ □ $(0, e)$ □□□□□□

□□ $f(x) = a - 1 - \ln x$ □ $(0, e)$ □□□□□□ $a - 2$ □□ $a - 2$ □

$$g(x) = |e^x - a| + \frac{a^2}{2} = \begin{cases} a - e^x + \frac{a^2}{2}, & 0 \leq x \leq \ln a \\ e^x - a + \frac{a^2}{2}, & x \geq \ln a \end{cases}$$

□ $\ln a, \ln 3$ □□ $a - 3$ □□ $g(x)$ □ $[0, \ln 3]$ □□□□□

□ $M - m = g(0) - g(\ln 3) = 2$ □□ □

□ $\ln a < \ln 3$ □□ $2, a < 3$ □□□□ $g(x)$ □ $[0, \ln a]$ □□□□□ $[\ln a, \ln 3]$ □□□□

□ $g(0) - g(\ln 3) = 2a - 4$ □□□□ $M - m = g(0) - g(\ln a) = \frac{3}{2}$ □

$$\square (a - 1 + \frac{a^2}{2}) - \frac{a^2}{2} = a - 1 = \frac{3}{2} \square$$

$$\square a = \frac{5}{2} \square$$

□□□ A □

2□□□ $a - 1$ □ $f(x) = x^3 + 3|x - a|$ □□□□ $f(x)$ □ $[-1, 1]$ □□□□□□□□□□□□□□ M □ m □□ $M - m$ □□

□□□□□□□□ $a - 1$ □ $x \in [-1, 1]$ □□

∴ $x = a, 0$ □

$$\therefore f(x) = x^3 + 3|x - a| = x^3 - 3x + 3a$$

$$\therefore f(x) = 3x^2 - 3$$

$$x \in [-1, 1] \implies f(x) \in [0, 4]$$

$$f(x) \in [-1, 1] \implies x \in [-1, 1]$$

$$M - m = f(-1) - f(1) = -1 + 3 + 3a - (1 - 3 + 3a) = 4$$

$$C =$$

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{4}x^2 - x^2 + x$$

$$y = f(x) \implies 1 \leq y \leq 4$$

$$x \in [-2, 4] \implies x - 6, f(x), x$$

$$f(x) = f(x) \cdot (x + a) \mid (a \in \mathbb{R}) \implies f(x) \in [-2, 4] \implies M_a = M_a \cdot a$$

$$f(x) = \frac{3}{4}x^2 - 2x + 1$$

$$f(x) = 1 \implies x(x - \frac{8}{3}) = 0$$

$$x_1 = 0, x_2 = \frac{8}{3}$$

$$f(0) = 0, f(\frac{8}{3}) = \frac{8}{27}$$

$$\therefore y = x \implies \frac{8}{27} = x - \frac{8}{3}$$

$$y = x \implies x = \frac{64}{27}$$

$$x \in [-6, f(x)], x$$

$$x \in [-6, f(x) - x, 0]$$

$$g(x) = f(x) - x = \frac{1}{4}x^2 - x^2 \quad x \in [-2, 4]$$

$$g(x) = \frac{3}{4}x^2 - 2x = \frac{3}{4}x(x - \frac{8}{3})$$

$$g(x) \text{ on } [-2, 0] \text{ and } (0, \frac{8}{3}) \text{ and } [\frac{8}{3}, 4]$$

$$\therefore g(x) \text{ on } [-2, 0] \text{ and } [0, \frac{8}{3}] \text{ and } [\frac{8}{3}, 4]$$

$$g(-2) = -6, \quad g(0) = 0, \quad g(\frac{8}{3}) = -\frac{64}{27} < -6, \quad g(4) = 0$$

$$\therefore -6, g(x), 0$$

$$\therefore x = 6, f(x), x$$

|||||

$$F(x) = |f(x) - (x + a)|$$

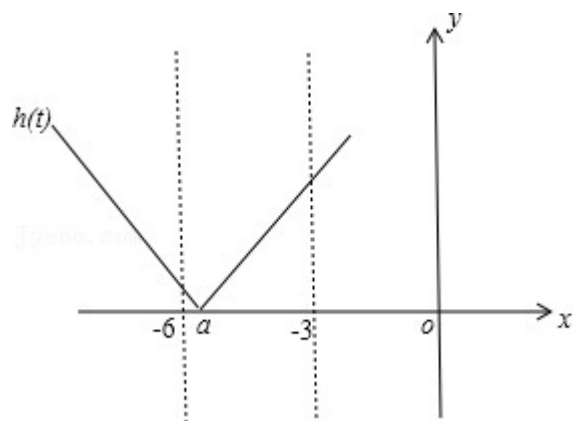
$$= |f(x) - x - a|$$

$$= |g(x) - a|$$

$$\text{on } [-2, 4] \text{ and } -6, g(x), 0$$

$$t = g(x) \quad h(t) = |t - a|$$

$$\text{on } t \in [-6, 0] \quad h(t) \text{ and } M_a$$



$$\textcircled{1} \quad a, -3 \quad M_a = h(0) = |a| = -a$$

$$f(a) = -3 \quad M_{f(a)} = 3$$

$$\textcircled{2} \quad f(a) = -3 \quad M_{f(a)} = f(-6) = |-6 - a| = |6 + a|$$

$$|6 + a| = 3 \quad \therefore M_{f(a)} = 6 + a$$

$$f(a) = -3 \quad M_{f(a)} = 3$$

$$M_{f(a)} = a - 3$$

$$4 \quad a \in \mathbb{R} \quad f(x) = x^2 - 3x^2 + 3ax - 3a + 3$$

$$1 \quad y = f(x) \quad (1 - f(1))$$

$$2 \quad x \in [0, 2] \quad |f(x)|$$

$$1 \quad f(x) = x^2 - 3x^2 + 3ax - 3a + 3 \quad f(x) = 3x^2 - 6x + 3a$$

$$f(1) = 3a - 3 \quad f(1) = 1 \quad y = (3a - 3)x - 3a + 4$$

$$2 \quad f(x) = 3(x - 1)^2 + 3(a - 1) \quad 0, x, 2$$

$$a, 0 \quad f(x), 0 \quad f(x) \quad [0, 2]$$

$$|f(x)|_{\max} = \max\{|f(0)|, |f(2)|\} = 3 - 3a$$

$$a, 1 \quad f(x), 0 \quad f(x) \quad [0, 2]$$

$$|f(x)|_{\max} = \max\{|f(0)|, |f(2)|\} = 3a - 1$$

$$0 < a < 1 \quad 3(x - 1)^2 + 3(a - 1) = 0 \quad x_1 = 1 - \sqrt{1 - a} \quad x_2 = 1 + \sqrt{1 - a}$$

$$x \in (0, x_1) \quad f(x) > 0 \quad f(x)$$

$$x \in (x_1, x_2) \quad f(x) < 0 \quad f(x)$$

$$x \in (x_2, 2) \quad f(x) > 0 \quad f(x)$$

$$\text{□□□□ } f(x) \text{ □□□□ } f(x_1) = 1 + 2(1-a)\sqrt{1-a} \text{ □□□□ } f(x_2) = 1 - 2(1-a)\sqrt{1-a} \text{ □}$$

$$\text{□ } f(x_1) + f(x_2) = 2 > 0 \text{ □ } f(x_1) - f(x_2) = 4(1-a)\sqrt{1-a} > 0 \text{ □}$$

$$\text{□□ } f(x_1) > |f(x_2)| \text{ □}$$

$$\text{□□ } |f(x)|_{\max} = \max\{f(0), |f(2a) - f(x_1)|\} \text{ □}$$

$$\text{□ } 0 < a < \frac{2}{3} \text{ □□ } f(0) > |f(2a) - f(x_1)| \text{ □}$$

$$\text{□ } f(x_1) - f(0) = 2(1-a)\sqrt{1-a} - (2-3a) = \frac{a^2(3-4a)}{2(1-a)\sqrt{1-a} + 2-3a} > 0$$

$$\text{□ } |f(x)|_{\max} = f(x_1) = 1 + 2(1-a)\sqrt{1-a} \text{ □}$$

$$\text{□ } \frac{2}{3} < a < 1 \text{ □□ } |f(2a) - f(x_1)| = f(2a) - f(x_1) \dots f(0) \text{ □}$$

$$\text{□ } f(x_1) - |f(2a) - f(x_1)| = 2(1-a)\sqrt{1-a} - (3a-2) = \frac{a^2(3-4a)}{2(1-a)\sqrt{1-a} + 3a-2} \text{ □}$$

$$\text{□□□ } \frac{2}{3} < a < \frac{3}{4} \text{ □□ } f(x_1) > |f(2a) - f(x_1)| \text{ □}$$

$$\text{□ } f(x)_{\max} = f(x_1) = 1 + 2(1-a)\sqrt{1-a} \text{ □}$$

$$\text{□ } \frac{3}{4} < a < 1 \text{ □□ } f(x_1), |f(2a) - f(x_1)| \text{ □}$$

$$\text{□ } f(x)_{\max} = |f(2a) - f(x_1)| = 3a - 1 \text{ □}$$

$$\text{□□□□ } |f(x)|_{\max} = \begin{cases} 3-3a, a, 0 \\ 1+2(1-a)\sqrt{1-a}, 0 < a < \frac{3}{4} \\ 3a-1, a, \frac{3}{4} \end{cases} \text{ □}$$

$$5 \text{ □□□□ } f(x) = a \cos 2x + (a-1)(\cos x + 1) \text{ □□□ } a > 0 \text{ □□ } |f(x)| \text{ □□□□□ } A \text{ □}$$

$$A = \begin{cases} 2-3a, & 0 < a, \frac{1}{5} \\ \frac{a^2+6a+1}{8a}, & \frac{1}{5} < a < 1 \\ 3a-2, & a=1 \end{cases}$$

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$$(III) \square\square\square\square (I) \square\square\square |f(x)| = |2a\sin 2x - (a-1)\sin x|, 2a + |a-1|$$

$$\square 0 < a, \frac{1}{5} \square\square |f(x)| < 1 + a, 2 - 4a < 2(2 - 3a) = 2A \square$$

$$\square \frac{1}{5} < a < 1 \square\square A = \frac{a^2+6a+1}{8a} = \frac{a}{8} + \frac{1}{8a} + \frac{3}{4} > 1 \square$$

$$\therefore |f(x)|, 1 + a, 2A \square$$

$$\square a=1 \square\square |f(x)|, 3a-1, 6a-4 = 2A \square$$

$$\square\square\square |f(x)|, 2A \square$$

$$6\square\square a\square\square\square\square\square\square f(x) = (x-a)^2 + |x-a| - a(a-1) \square$$

$$\square 1\square\square f(0), 1 \square\square a\square\square\square\square\square\square$$

$$\square 2\square\square\square f(x) \square\square\square\square\square$$

$$\square 3\square\square a.2 \square\square\square\square f(x) + \frac{4}{x} \square\square\square (0, +\infty) \square\square\square\square\square\square\square$$

$$\square\square\square\square\square\square\square 1\square\square f(0), 1 \square\square\square a^2 + |a| - a(a-1), 1 \square\square\square |a| + a-1, 0 \square$$

$$\square a=0 \square\square a, \frac{1}{2} \square\square\square a \in [0, \frac{1}{2}] \square$$

$$\square a < 0 \square\square |a| + a-1, 0 \square\square\square\square\square$$

$$\square\square a, \frac{1}{2} \square$$

$$\therefore a \square\square\square\square\square\square (-\infty, \frac{1}{2}] \square$$

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x^2 - (2a+1)x + 2a, & x < a \\ x^2 + (1-2a)x, & x \geq a \end{cases} = \begin{cases} [x - (a + \frac{1}{2})]^2 - \frac{(2a-1)^2}{4}, & x < a \\ [x - (a - \frac{1}{2})]^2 - \frac{(2a-1)^2}{4}, & x \geq a \end{cases}$$

2

$$x < a \quad f(x) \quad x = \frac{2a+1}{2} = a + \frac{1}{2} > a$$

$$y = f(x) \quad (-\infty, a)$$

$$x \geq a \quad f(x) \quad x = \frac{2a-1}{2} = a - \frac{1}{2} < a$$

$$y = f(x) \quad (a, +\infty)$$

$$F(x) = f(x) + \frac{4}{x} = \begin{cases} x^2 - (2a+1)x + \frac{4}{x} + 2a, & x < a \\ x^2 + (1-2a)x + \frac{4}{x}, & x \geq a \end{cases}$$

3

$$F(x) = \begin{cases} 2x - (2a+1) - \frac{4}{x^2} = \frac{2x^3 - (2a+1)x^2 - 4}{x^2}, & x < a \\ 2x + (1-2a) - \frac{4}{x^2} = \frac{2x^3 + (1-2a)x^2 - 4}{x^2}, & x \geq a \end{cases}$$

$$x < a \quad F(x) = \frac{2x^3 - (2a+1)x^2 - 4}{x^2} = \frac{2x^2(x-a) - (x^2+4)}{x^2} < 0$$

$$F(x) \quad (0, a)$$

$$x \geq a \quad F(x) = \frac{2x^3 + (1-2a)x^2 - 4}{x^2} = \frac{2x^2(x-a) + (x^2-4)}{x^2} \geq 0$$

$$F(x) \quad (a, +\infty)$$

$$F(a) = a - a^2 + \frac{4}{a} \quad a = 2 \quad F(2) = 0 \quad F(x) \quad a > 2 \quad F(a) = a - a^2 + \frac{4}{a}$$

$$F(a) = 1 - 2a - \frac{4}{a^2} = \frac{-2a^3 + a^2 - 4}{a^2} = \frac{a^2(1-a) - (a^3+4)}{a^2} < 0$$

$$F(a) \quad (2, +\infty)$$

$$\square\square F\square a\square < F(2) = 2 - 2^2 + \frac{4}{2} = 0 \quad \square\square F\square a\square < 0 \quad \square$$

$$\square\square x > 0 \quad \square\square x \rightarrow 0 \quad \square\square f(x) \rightarrow +\infty \quad \square\square x \rightarrow +\infty \quad \square\square f(x) \rightarrow +\infty \quad \square\square\square\square\square f(x) \quad \square\square\square\square\square\square$$

$$\square\square\square\square\square\square a = 2 \quad \square\square f(x) \quad \square\square\square\square\square\square a > 2 \quad \square\square f(x) \quad \square\square\square\square\square\square$$

$$7\square\square a \quad \square\square\square\square\square\square\square f(x) = (x - a)^2 + |x - a| - a(a - 1) \quad \square$$

$$\square 1\square\square f(0), 1 \quad \square\square a \quad \square\square\square\square\square\square\square$$

$$\square 2\square\square\square f(x) \quad \square\square\square\square\square\square$$

$$\square 3\square\square a > 2 \quad \square\square\square\square\square f(x) + |x| \quad \square R \quad \square\square\square\square\square\square\square\square$$

$$\square\square\square\square\square\square\square 1 \quad \square f(0), 1$$

$$\therefore f(0) = (0 - a)^2 + |0 - a| - a(a - 1) = a^2 + |a| - a(a - 1) = |a| + a, 1$$

$$\therefore \square a, 0 \quad \square\square\square\square\square\square 0, 1 \quad \square\square\square\square\square\square\square\square$$

$$\square a > 0 \quad \square\square\square\square\square\square a + a, 1 \quad \square$$

$$\therefore 0 < a, \frac{1}{2} \quad \square$$

$$\square\square\square\square a \quad \square\square\square\square\square\square (-\infty, \frac{1}{2}] \quad \square$$

$$\square 2\square\square x < a \quad \square\square\square\square\square f(x) = x^2 - (2a + 1)x + 2a \quad \square$$

$$\square\square\square\square\square x = \frac{2a + 1}{2} = a + \frac{1}{2} > a \quad \square\square\square y = f(x) \quad \square (-\infty, a) \quad \square\square\square\square\square\square$$

$$\square x \cdot a \quad \square\square f(x) = x^2 + (1 - 2a)x \quad \square$$

$$\square\square\square\square\square\square x = a - \frac{1}{2} < a \quad \square y = f(x) \quad \square (a, +\infty) \quad \square\square\square\square\square\square$$

$$\square\square\square\square\square f(x) \quad \square (a, +\infty) \quad \square\square\square\square\square\square\square (-\infty, a) \quad \square\square\square\square\square\square$$

$$g(x) = f(x) + |x| = \begin{cases} x^2 + (2-2a)x, & x \geq a \\ x^2 - 2ax + 2a, & 0 \leq x < a \\ x^2 - (2a+2)x + 2a, & x < 0 \end{cases}$$

$$x \geq a \implies x = a - 1$$

$$0 \leq x < a \implies x = a$$

$$x < 0 \implies x = a + 1$$

$$\therefore g(x) \text{ on } (-\infty, 0) \text{ on } (0, a) \text{ on } (a, +\infty)$$

$$g(0) = 2a > 0 \implies g(a) = a^2 + (2-2a)a = 2a - a^2 = -(a-1)^2 + 1$$

$$a > 2$$

$$\therefore g(a) = -(a-1)^2 + 1 \text{ on } (2, +\infty)$$

$$\therefore g(a) < g(2) = 0$$

$$\therefore f(x) \text{ on } (0, a) \text{ on } (a, +\infty)$$

$$\text{for } a > 2 \implies f(x) + |x| \text{ on } R \text{ on } 2$$

$$8 \text{ on } f(x) = x^2 + 3|x-a| \text{ on } (a \in R)$$

$$\text{on } f(x) \text{ on } [-1, 1] \text{ on } M_a \text{ on } m_a \text{ on } M_a - m_a$$

$$\text{on } b \in R \text{ on } [f(x) + b^2, 4] \text{ on } x \in [-1, 1] \text{ on } 3a + b$$

$$\text{on } f(x) = x^2 + 3|x-a| = \begin{cases} x^2 + 3x - 3a, & x \geq a \\ x^2 - 3x + 3a, & x < a \end{cases}$$

$$\therefore f(x) = \begin{cases} 3x^2 + 3, & x \geq a \\ 3x^2 - 3, & x < a \end{cases}$$

$$\textcircled{1} a = -1 \implies -1 \leq x \leq 1 \implies x \geq a \implies f(x) \text{ on } (-1, 1)$$

$$\therefore M_a = f(1) = 4 - 3a \text{ on } m_a = f(-1) = -4 - 3a$$

$$\therefore M_{[a]} - m_{[a]} = 8$$

$$\textcircled{2} -1 < a < 1 \quad x \in (a, 1) \quad f(x) = x^3 + 3x - 3a \quad (a, 1) \quad x \in (-1, a) \quad f(x) = x^3 - 3x + 3a \quad (-1, a)$$

$$\therefore M_{[a]} = \max\{f(1), f(-1)\} \quad m_{[a]} = f_{[a]} = a^3$$

$$\quad f(1) - f(-1) = -6a + 2$$

$$\therefore -1 < a, \frac{1}{3} \quad M_{[a]} - m_{[a]} = -a^3 - 3a + 4$$

$$\frac{1}{3} < a < 1 \quad M_{[a]} - m_{[a]} = -a^3 + 3a + 2$$

$$\textcircled{3} a = 1 \quad x, a \quad f(x) \quad (-1, 1)$$

$$\therefore M_{[a]} = f(-1) = 2 + 3a \quad m_{[a]} = f(1) = -2 + 3a$$

$$\therefore M_{[a]} - m_{[a]} = 4$$

$$H(x) = f(x) + b \quad H(x) = \begin{cases} x^3 + 3x - 3a + b & x < a \\ x^3 - 3x + 3a + b & x > a \end{cases} \quad h(x) = \begin{cases} 3x^2 + 3 & x < a \\ 3x^2 - 3 & x > a \end{cases}$$

$$\quad [f(x) + b], 4 \quad x \in [-1, 1]$$

$$\therefore -2, h(x), 2 \quad x \in [-1, 1]$$

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$$\textcircled{1} a, -1 \quad h(x) \quad (-1, 1) \quad h(1) = 4 - 3a + b \quad h(-1) = -4 - 3a + b \quad -4 - 3a + b, -2$$

$$4 - 3a + b, 2$$

$$\textcircled{2} -1 < a, \frac{1}{3} \quad h_{[a]} = a^3 + b \quad h(1) = 4 - 3a + b \quad \therefore a^3 + b, -2 \quad 4 - 3a + b, 2$$

$$\quad t_{[a]} = -2 - a^3 + 3a \quad t_{[a]} = 3 - 3a^2 > 0 \quad t_{[a]} \left(\frac{1}{3}, 1\right) \quad \therefore t_{[a]} > h(0) = -2$$

$$\therefore -2, 3a + b, 0$$

$$\textcircled{3} \frac{1}{3} < a < 1 \quad h(a) = a^3 + b \quad h(-1) = 3a + b + 2 \quad a^3 + b \leq -2 \quad 3a + b + 2, 2 \quad \therefore -\frac{28}{27} < 3a + b, 0$$

$$\textcircled{4} a.1 \quad h(-1) = 3a + b + 2 \quad h(1) = 3a + b - 2 \quad 3a + b - 2 \leq -2 \quad 3a + b + 2, 2 \quad \therefore 3a + b = 0$$

$$3a + b \leq -2, 3a + b, 0$$

$$9 \quad f(x) = x^2 - ax + b$$

$$f(\sin x) \quad \left(-\frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{\pi}{2}\right)$$

$$f(x) = x^2 - a_0x + b_0 \quad |f(\sin x) - f_0(\sin x)| \quad \left[-\frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{\pi}{2}\right] \quad D$$

$$a_0 = b_0 = 0 \quad z = b - \frac{a^2}{4} \quad D, 1$$

$$t = \sin x \quad x \in \left(-\frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{\pi}{2}\right)$$

$$f(t) = t^2 - at + b \quad (-1 < t < 1) \quad f(t) = 2t - a$$

$$\textcircled{1} \quad a.2 \quad f(t), 0 \quad f(t) \quad f(\sin x)$$

$$a, -2 \quad f(t), 0 \quad f(t) \quad f(\sin x)$$

$$a.2 \quad a, -2$$

$$\textcircled{2} \quad -2 < a < 2 \quad -1 < t < \frac{a}{2} \quad f(t) < 0 \quad f(\sin x)$$

$$\frac{a}{2} < t < 1 \quad f(t) > 0 \quad f(\sin x)$$

$$f(\sin x) \quad f\left(\frac{a}{2}\right) = b - \frac{a^2}{4}$$

$$\left(-\frac{\pi}{2}, X, \frac{\pi}{2}\right) \quad |f(\sin x) - f_0(\sin x)| = |(a - a_0)\sin x + b - b_0|, \quad |a - a_0| + |b - b_0|$$

$$(a - a_0)(b - b_0), 0 \quad X = \frac{\pi}{2}$$

$$(a - a_0)(b - b_0) = 0 \quad x = -\frac{\pi}{2}$$

$$|f(\sin x) - f_0(\sin x)| \in \left[-\frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{\pi}{2}\right] \quad D = |a - a_0| + |b - b_0|$$

$$D, 1 \leq |a| + |b| \leq 0, \quad a^2, 1 \leq 1, \quad b, 1 \leq 1 \quad z = b \cdot \frac{a^2}{4} = 1$$

$$a = 0, \quad b = 1 \leq |a| + |b| \leq 1 \quad z = b \cdot \frac{a^2}{4} = 1$$

$$z = b \cdot \frac{a^2}{4} \quad D, 1 \leq 1$$

$$f(x) = x^2 + 3|x - a| \quad (a \in \mathbb{R})$$

$$f(x) \in [-1, 1] \quad M[a] = m[a] = M[a] - m[a]$$

$$b \in \mathbb{R} \quad |f(x) + b| \leq 3 \quad x \in [-1, 1] \quad 3a + b$$

$$f(x) = x^2 + 3|x - a| = \begin{cases} x^2 - 3x + 3a, & x < a \\ x^2 + 3x - 3a, & x \geq a \end{cases}$$

$$\textcircled{1} \quad a = 1 \quad f(x) = x^2 - 3x + 3a \quad x \in [-1, 1] \quad M[a] = f(-1) = 4 + 3a$$

$$m[a] = f(1) = -2 + 3a \quad M[a] - m[a] = 6$$

$$\textcircled{2} \quad a = -1 \quad f(x) = x^2 + 3x - 3a \quad x \in [-1, 1]$$

$$M[a] = f(1) = 4 - 3a \quad m[a] = f(-1) = -2 - 3a \quad M[a] - m[a] = 6$$

$$\textcircled{3} \quad -1 < a < 1 \quad f(x) = \begin{cases} x^2 - 3x + 3a, & x < a \\ x^2 + 3x - 3a, & x \geq a \end{cases}$$

$$\forall x \in [-1, a] \quad \forall x \in [a, 1]$$

$$m_a = f_a = a^2 \quad M_a = \max\{f(-1), f(1)\} = \max\{4+3a, 4-3a\} = 4+|3a|$$

$$M_a - m_a = 4+|3a| - a^2$$

$$M_a - m_a = \begin{cases} 6, a, -1 \\ 4+|3a| - a^2, -1 < a < 1 \\ 6, a, 1 \end{cases}$$

$$-3 \leq h, f(x), 3 \leq b$$

$$\textcircled{1} \quad a, 1 \quad \begin{cases} 4+3a, -b+3 \\ -2+3a, -b-3 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} 3a+h, -1 \\ 3a+h, -1 \end{cases} \quad 3a+b=-1$$

$$\textcircled{2} \quad a, -1 \quad \begin{cases} 4-3a, -b+3 \\ -2-3a, -b-3 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} b-3a, -1 \\ b-3a, -1 \end{cases} \quad b-3a=-1 \quad 3a+h, -7$$

$$\textcircled{3} \quad -1 < a < 1 \quad m_a = f_a = a^2 \quad \begin{cases} 4+|3a|, -b+3 \\ a^2, -b-3 \end{cases} \quad a^2-3, h, -|3a|-1$$

$$-a^2+3a-3, 3a+h, 3a-|3a|-1$$

$$-1 < a < 1 \quad -a^2+3a-3 > -7 \quad 3a-|3a|-1, -1 \quad -7 < 3a+h, -1$$

$$\square\square 3a+b, -1\square$$

$$11\square\square\square\square f(x)=\frac{1}{3}x^2+|x-a|(x\in R, a\in R)\square$$

$$\square 1\square\square\square\square f(x)\square R\square\square\square\square\square\square\square a\square\square\square\square\square\square$$

$$\square 2\square\square\square\square\square f(x)\square R\square\square\square\square\square$$

$$\textcircled{1}\square f(x)\square_{x\in[-1,1]}\square\square\square\square\square\square\square\square\square\square\square\square M_{\square a}\square m_{\square a}\square\square\square M_{\square a}\square-m_{\square a}\square\square$$

$$\textcircled{2}\square b\in R\square\square|f(x)+b|,\frac{2}{3}\square\square\square\square\square\square_{x\in[-1,1]}\square\square\square\square\square a-b\square\square\square\square\square\square$$

$$\square\square\square\square\square\square\square 1\square\square\square\square f(x)=\frac{1}{3}x^2+|x-a|\square$$

$$\square x,a\square\square f(x)=\frac{1}{3}x^2+x-a\square f(x)>0\square f(x)\square\square\square$$

$$\square x<a\square\square f(x)=\frac{1}{3}x^2+a-x\square f(x)=x^2-1\square$$

$$\square\square\square\square\square a,-1\square\square f(x)>0\square x<a\square\square\square\square\square$$

$$\square a\square\square\square\square\square\square(-\infty,-1]\square$$

$$\square 2\square\textcircled{1}\square f(x)\square R\square\square\square\square\square\square\square a>-1\square$$

$$\square a,1\square\square f(x)=\frac{1}{3}x^2+|x-a|=\frac{1}{3}x^2+a-x\square$$

$$f(x)=x^2-1\square f(x),,0\square f(x)\square[-1,1]\square\square\square$$

$$\square\square f(-1)\square\square\square\square\square\square f\square 1\square\square\square\square\square\square\square\square$$

$$\square\square M_{\square a}^{\quad}=a+\frac{2}{3}\square m_{\square a}^{\quad}=a-\frac{2}{3}\square\square M_{\square a}\square-m_{\square a}^{\quad}=\frac{4}{3}\square$$

$$\square \quad a = \frac{1}{3} \quad \square \square \quad f(x) \quad \square [-1 \quad \square \frac{1}{3}] \quad \square \square \square \quad [\frac{1}{3} \quad \square 1] \quad \square \square \square$$

$$\square \quad f(x) \quad \square \square \square \square \square \quad \frac{1}{81} \quad \square \square \square \square \square \quad 1 \quad \square$$

$$\square \quad -1 < a < \frac{1}{3} \quad \square \square \quad f(x) \quad \square [-1 \quad \square a] \quad \square \square \square \quad [a \quad \square 1] \quad \square \square \square$$

$$f(-1) = -\frac{1}{3} + |-1 - a| = -\frac{1}{3} + a + 1 = a + \frac{2}{3} \quad \square \quad f \quad \square 1 \quad \square = \frac{1}{3} + |1 - a| = \frac{1}{3} + 1 - a = \frac{4}{3} - a$$

$$\square \square \quad f(-1) < \quad \square 1 \quad \square \square$$

$$\square \quad f(x) \quad \square \square \square \square \square \quad f \quad \square a \quad \square = \frac{1}{3} a^3 \quad \square \square \square \square \square \quad \frac{4}{3} - a \quad \square$$

$$\square \quad \frac{1}{3} < a < 1 \quad \square \square \quad f(x) \quad \square [-1 \quad \square a] \quad \square \square \square \quad [a \quad \square 1] \quad \square \square \square$$

$$\square \square \quad f(-1) > \quad \square 1 \quad \square \square$$

$$\square \quad f(x) \quad \square \square \square \square \square \quad f \quad \square a \quad \square = \frac{1}{3} a^3 \quad \square \square \square \square \square \quad a + \frac{2}{3} \quad \square$$

$$\square \square \square \square \square \quad M \quad \square a \quad \square - m \quad \square a \quad \square = \begin{cases} \frac{4}{3} - a - \frac{1}{3} a^3, & -1 < a, \frac{1}{3} \\ a + \frac{2}{3} - \frac{1}{3} a^3, & \frac{1}{3} < a < 1 \\ \frac{4}{3}, & a.1 \end{cases} \quad \square$$

$$\textcircled{2} \quad \square \quad b \in R \quad \square \square \quad |f(x) + b|, \quad \frac{2}{3} \quad \square \square \square \square \square \quad x \in [-1 \quad \square 1] \quad \square \square \square \square$$

$$\square \square \quad -\frac{2}{3}, f(x) + b, \frac{2}{3} \quad \square \square \square \square \square \square \quad x \in [-1 \quad \square 1] \quad \square \square \square \square$$

$$\square \quad a.1 \quad \square \square \quad -\frac{2}{3}, b + a - \frac{2}{3} \quad \square \square \quad \frac{2}{3} \dots b + a + \frac{2}{3} \quad \square$$

$$\square \square \quad a + b = 0 \quad \square \square \quad b = -a \quad \square \quad a - b \quad \square \square \square \square \quad [2 \quad \square +\infty) \quad \square$$

$$\square \quad -1 < a, \frac{1}{3} \quad \square \square \square \square \quad -\frac{2}{3}, b + \frac{1}{3} a^3 \quad \square \square \quad \frac{2}{3} \dots b + \frac{4}{3} - a \quad \square$$

$$\square \square \quad -\frac{55}{81}, h, -\frac{1}{3} \quad \square \square \square \quad a - b \quad \square \square \square \square \quad (\frac{2}{3}, \frac{82}{81}] \quad \square$$

$$\frac{1}{3} < a < 1 - \frac{2}{3}, b + \frac{1}{3}a^3 \leq \frac{2}{3} \Rightarrow b + a \leq \frac{2}{3}$$

$$-1 < b < -\frac{1}{3} \Rightarrow a - b \in \left(\frac{2}{3}, 2\right]$$

$$\Rightarrow a - b \in \left(\frac{2}{3}, +\infty\right)$$

$$12 \text{ } f(x) = x^2 + 2|x - a| + a \ (a \in \mathbb{R}) \text{ } x \in [-2, 2] \text{ } M_a \text{ } m_a$$

$$1 \text{ } g_a = M_a - m_a$$

$$2 \text{ } b \in \mathbb{R} \text{ } [f(x) + b]^2 \leq 36 \text{ } x \in [-2, 2] \text{ } a + b$$

$$f(x) = x^2 + 2|x - a| + a = \begin{cases} x^2 + 2x - a, & x \geq a \\ x^2 - 2x + 3a, & x < a \end{cases}$$

$$1 \text{ } a \in [-2, 2]$$

$$f(x) = x^2 + 2|x - a| + a = x^2 - 2x + 3a$$

$$M_a = f(-2) = 4 + 4 + 3a = 8 + 3a$$

$$m_a = f(1) = 3a - 1$$

$$g_a = M_a - m_a = 9$$

$$2 \text{ } 1, a < 2$$

$$f(x) \in [1, 2] \text{ } [-2, 1]$$

$$f(1) = 3a - 1 \text{ } f(-2) = 4 + 4 + 3a = 8 + 3a$$

$$f(2) = 8 - a$$

$$M_a = f(-2) = 4 + 4 + 3a = 8 + 3a$$

$$m_a = f(1) = 3a - 1$$

$$g_a = M_a - m_a = 9$$

$$\textcircled{3} \quad 0, a < 1$$

$$f(x) \text{ } [a-2] \text{ } [-2, a]$$

$$f(a) = a^2 + a \quad f(-2) = 4 + 4 + 3a = 8 + 3a$$

$$f(2) = 8 - a$$

$$M(a) = f(-2) = 4 + 4 + 3a = 8 + 3a$$

$$m(a) = f(a) = a^2 + a$$

$$g(a) = M(a) - m(a) = -a^2 + 2a + 8$$

$$\textcircled{4} \quad -1 < a < 0$$

$$f(x) \text{ } [a-2] \text{ } [-2, a]$$

$$f(a) = a^2 + a \quad f(-2) = 4 + 4 + 3a = 8 + 3a$$

$$f(2) = 8 - a$$

$$M(a) = f(2) = 8 - a$$

$$m(a) = f(a) = a^2 + a$$

$$g(a) = M(a) - m(a) = -a^2 - 2a + 8$$

$$\textcircled{5} \quad -2 < a, -1$$

$$f(x) \text{ } [-1, 2] \text{ } [-2, -1]$$

$$f(-1) = 1 - 2 - a = -1 - a \quad f(-2) = 4 + 4 + 3a = 8 + 3a$$

$$f(2) = 8 - a$$

$$M_{[a]} = f_{[2]} = 8 - a$$

$$m_{[a]} = f(-1) = 1 - 2 - a = -1 - a$$

$$g_{[a]} = M_{[a]} - m_{[a]} = 9$$

$$\textcircled{6} \quad a, -2 \leq x \leq 2$$

$$f(x) = x^2 + 2|x - a| + a = x^2 + 2x - a$$

$$M_{[a]} = f_{[2]} = 8 - a$$

$$m_{[a]} = f(-1) = -a - 1$$

$$g_{[a]} = M_{[a]} - m_{[a]} = 9$$

$$g_{[a]} = \begin{cases} 9, a, -1 \leq a \leq 1 \\ -a^2 - 2a + 8, -1 < a < 0 \\ -a^2 + 2a + 8, 0 \leq a < 1 \end{cases}$$

$$[f(x) + b]_{[36]} - b - 6, f(x), -b + 6$$

$$[f(x) + b]_{[36]} \quad x \in [-2, 2] \quad -b - 6, f(x), -b + 6 \quad x \in [-2, 2]$$

$$\textcircled{1} \quad a \leq 1 \quad M_{[a]} = f(-2) = 4 + 4 + 3a = 8 + 3a \quad m_{[a]} = f_{[1]} = 3a - 1$$

$$-b - 6, 3a - 1 \leq 8 + 3a, -b + 6$$

$$a + b, -2a - 2, -4$$

$$\textcircled{2} \quad 0 \leq a < 1 \quad M_{[a]} = f(-2) = 4 + 4 + 3a = 8 + 3a \quad m_{[a]} = f_{[a]} = a^2 + a$$

$$-b - 6, a^2 + a \leq 8 + 3a, -b + 6$$

$$-7 < a + b, -2$$

$$\textcircled{3} \quad -1 < a < 0 \quad M_{[a]} = f_{[2]} = 8 - a \quad m_{[a]} = f_{[a]} = a^2 + a$$

$$-b-6, a^2+a-8, -a, -b+6$$

$$-7 < a+b < -2$$

$$\textcircled{4} \quad a, -1 \quad M_{[a]} = f_{[2]} = 8 - a \quad m_{[a]} = f(-1) = -a - 1$$

$$-b-6, -a-1-8, -a, -b+6$$

$$b+a, -4$$

$$b+a, -2$$

$$13 \quad f(x) = x^2 - 2x \mid x \in [a, 1)$$

$$1 \quad a=1 \quad f(x)$$

$$2 \quad f(x) \mid x \in [-1, 1] \quad M_{[a]} \quad m_{[a]} \quad M_{[a]} - m_{[a]}, 4 \quad a$$

$$1 \quad a=1 \quad f(x) = x^2 - 2x \mid x \in [-1, 1] = \begin{cases} 3x^2 - 2x & x < 1 \\ -x^2 + 2x & x = 1 \end{cases}$$

$$y = 3x^2 - 2x \quad x = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$\therefore x < 1 \quad f(x) \in \left[\frac{1}{3}, 1\right)$$

$$y = -x^2 + 2x \quad x = 1$$

$$\therefore x = 1 \quad f(x)$$

$$a=1 \quad f(x) \in \left[\frac{1}{3}, 1\right)$$

$$2 \quad f(x) = x^2 - 2x \mid x \in [a, 1] = \begin{cases} 3x^2 - 2ax & x < a \\ -x^2 + 2ax & x = a \end{cases}$$

$$-1, a, 0$$

$$\square x < a \square\square y = 3x^2 - 2ax \square\square\square\square\square\square\square\square\square x = \frac{1}{3}a \square\square\square\square\square\square\square\square f(x) \square\square\square\square$$

$$\square x, a \square\square y = -x^2 + 2ax \square\square\square\square\square\square\square\square\square x = a \square\square\square\square\square\square\square\square\square f(x) \square\square\square\square$$

$$\square f(x) \square x \in [-1, 1] \square\square\square\square\square\square M_{[a]} = f(-1) = 3 + 2a \square\square\square\square\square m_{[a]} = f(1) = -1 + 2a \square$$

$$\square\square M_{[a]} - m_{[a]} = 4, 4 \square\square\square\square$$

$$\square a > 0 \square\square$$

$$\square x < a \square\square y = 3x^2 - 2ax \square\square\square\square\square\square\square\square\square x = \frac{1}{3}a < a \square\square\square\square\square\square\square\square\square f(x) \square [-1, \frac{1}{3}a] \square\square\square\square\square\square\square [\frac{1}{3}a, a] \square\square\square\square$$

$$\square x, a \square\square y = -x^2 + 2ax \square\square\square\square\square\square\square\square\square x = a \square\square\square\square\square\square\square\square\square f(x) \square\square\square\square$$

$$\square f(\frac{1}{3}a) = -\frac{1}{3}a^2 \square f(1) = -1 + 2a \square$$

$$\square 0 < a, 2\sqrt{3} - 3 \square f(1) \square f(\frac{1}{3}a) \square$$

$$\square f(x) \square x \in [-1, 1] \square\square\square\square\square\square M_{[a]} = f(-1) = 3 + 2a \square\square\square\square\square m_{[a]} = f(1) = -1 + 2a \square$$

$$\square\square M_{[a]} - m_{[a]} = 4, 4 \square\square\square\square$$

$$\square 2\sqrt{3} - 3 < a, 1 \square f(1) > f(\frac{1}{3}a) \square$$

$$\square f(x) \square x \in [-1, 1] \square\square\square\square\square\square M_{[a]} = f(-1) = 3 + 2a \square\square\square\square\square m_{[a]} = f(\frac{1}{3}a) = -\frac{1}{3}a^2 \square$$

$$\square\square M_{[a]} - m_{[a]} \square 4 \square\square\square$$

$$\square\square\square\square - 1, a, 2\sqrt{3} - 3$$

$$14 \square\square\square\square\square f(x) = |x^2 - 1| - ax - 1 (a \in \mathbb{R})$$

$$\square 1 \square\square\square\square x \square\square\square f(x) + x^2 + 1 = 0 \square\square\square (0, 2] \square\square\square\square\square\square\square\square x_1, x_2$$

$$\textcircled{1} \square a \square\square\square\square\square\square\square$$

$$\textcircled{2} \quad x_1 < x_2 \implies \frac{1}{x_1} + \frac{1}{x_2} \implies$$

$$\textcircled{2} \quad f(x) \text{ on } [0, 2] \implies M_{[a, b]} m_{[a, b]} g_{[a, b]} = M_{[a, b]} - m_{[a, b]}$$

$$\implies f(x) + x^2 + 1 = 0 \quad x \in (0, 2]$$

$$a = \lfloor x - \frac{1}{x} \rfloor + x = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{x}, & 0 < x, 1 \\ 2x - \frac{1}{x}, & 1 < x, 2 \end{cases}$$

$$\textcircled{1} \quad y = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{x}, & 0 < x, 1 \\ 2x - \frac{1}{x}, & 1 < x, 2 \end{cases}$$

$$\textcircled{1} \quad y \text{ on } [1, 2] \implies 4 - \frac{1}{2} = \frac{7}{2}$$

$$\textcircled{1} \quad (0, 2] \implies 1 < a, \frac{7}{2}$$

$$\textcircled{1} \quad a \text{ on } (1, \frac{7}{2})$$

$$\textcircled{2} \quad x_1 < x_2 \implies a = \frac{1}{x_1} \implies a = 2x_2 - \frac{1}{x_2}$$

$$\textcircled{1} \quad \frac{1}{x_1} = 2x_2 - \frac{1}{x_2} \implies \frac{1}{x_1} + \frac{1}{x_2} = 2x_2$$

$$\textcircled{1} \quad 1 < x_2, 2 \implies \frac{1}{x_1} + \frac{1}{x_2} = 2x_2 \in (2, 4]$$

$$\textcircled{1} \quad \frac{1}{x_1} + \frac{1}{x_2} \text{ on } (2, 4]$$

$$\textcircled{2} \quad f(x) = \begin{cases} -x^2 - ax, & 0 \leq x, 1 \\ x^2 - ax - 2, & 1 < x, 2 \end{cases}$$

$$\textcircled{1} \quad a, 4 \implies -\frac{a}{2} < 0 \implies \frac{a}{2} \leq 2 \implies f(x) \text{ on } [0, 2]$$

$$g(a) = f(0) - 2a = 2a - 2$$

$$2, \quad a < 4 \quad -\frac{a}{2} < 0 \quad 1, \quad \frac{a}{2} < 2 \quad f(x) \quad [0, \frac{a}{2}] \quad [\frac{a}{2}, 2]$$

$$m(a) = f(\frac{a}{2}) = 2 - \frac{a^2}{4} \quad M(a) = \max\{f(0), f(2)\} = 0$$

$$g(a) = \frac{a^2}{4} + 2$$

$$0, \quad a < 2 \quad -\frac{a}{2} < 0 \quad 0, \quad \frac{a}{2} < 1 \quad f(x) \quad [0, 1] \quad [1, 2]$$

$$m(a) = f(1) = 1 - a \quad M(a) = \max\{f(0), f(2)\} = \begin{cases} 2 - 2a, & a < 1 \\ 0, & a < 2 \end{cases}$$

$$g(a) = \begin{cases} 3 - a, & a < 1 \\ a + 1, & a < 2 \end{cases}$$

$$-2 < a < 0 \quad 0 < -\frac{a}{2} < 1 \quad \frac{a}{2} < 0 \quad f(x) \quad [0, -\frac{a}{2}] \quad [-\frac{a}{2}, 1] \quad [1, 2]$$

$$m(a) = \min\{f(0), f(1)\} = \begin{cases} 1 - a, & -1 < a < 0 \\ 0, & -2 < a, -1 \end{cases}$$

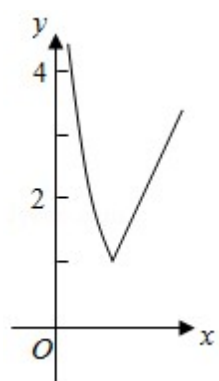
$$M(a) = \max\{f(-\frac{a}{2}), f(2)\} = 2 - 2a$$

$$g(a) = \begin{cases} 3 - a, & -1 < a < 0 \\ 2 - 2a, & -2 < a, -1 \end{cases}$$

$$a, \quad -2 \quad -\frac{a}{2} \leq 1 \quad \frac{a}{2} < 0 \quad f(x) \quad [0, 2]$$

$$g(a) = f(2) - f(0) = 2 - 2a$$

$$\square g_{\square a} \square = \begin{cases} 2-2a, a, -1 \\ 3-a-1, a<1 \\ a+1, 1, a<2 \\ 2+\frac{a^2}{4}, 2, a<4 \\ 2a-2, a.4 \end{cases} \square$$



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